## PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION IN TOPOLOGY

Fall 1998

<u>Directions</u>: Do <u>all</u> of problems 1-6 and <u>two</u> of problems 7-9. Each problem is worth 10 points, except for problems 5 (25 points) and 7 (15 points).

## A. Do all of the next three problems.

- 1. (10 points) Let  $C \subset [0,1]$  be the Cantor set. Prove that C is a retract of no open subset of [0,1].
- 2. (10 points) Let  $f: X \to Y$  be a surjective local homeomorphism.
  - a. Prove that if X is compact and Y is Hausdorff, then f is a covering map.
  - b. Give examples to show both hypotheses in a. are necessary.
- 3. (10 points) Prove or give a counterexample:
  - a. A separable metric space is second countable.
  - b. A separable first countable space is second countable.

(Recall that a space is *second countable* if there is a countable basis for its topology; it is *first countable* if there is a countable basis at each point.)

## **B.** Do <u>all</u> of the next three problems.

- 4. (25 points) Let  $X = \mathbb{RP}^2 \vee \mathbb{RP}^2$ .
  - a. Calculate  $\pi_1(X)$ , showing your work, and describe the universal covering space of X.
  - b. Exhibit a two-sheeted covering space Y of X with  $\pi_1(Y) \cong \mathbb{Z}$ .
  - c. Calculate  $H_*(X, \mathbb{Z})$ .
- 5. (10 points) State and *sketch* a proof of the path lifting property of covering spaces.

6. (15 points) Define a linear map  $\mathbb{R}^2 \to \mathbb{R}^2$  by the matrix

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Let  $T^2 = \mathbb{R}^2/\mathbb{Z}^2$  be endowed with the quotient topology.

- a. Prove that *A* induces a well-defined, continuous map  $\overline{A}: T^2 \to T^2$ .
- b. Suppose  $f: T^2 \to T^2$  is a continuous map that is homotopic to  $\overline{A}$ . Must f have a fixed point? (Proof?)

## **C.** Do two of the next three problems.

- 7. (10 points) Let  $n \ge 2$ . Can there be a continuous function  $f: S^n \to S^1$  with the property that f(-x) = -f(x) for all  $x \in S^n$ ? Proof?
- 8. (10 points) Let  $D^n = \{x \in \mathbb{R}^n : ||x|| \le 1\}$ . Suppose  $f: D^n \to \mathbb{R}^n$  is continuous and ||f(x) x|| < 1 for all  $x \in \partial D^n$ . Prove that there is a point  $x \in D^n$  with f(x) = 0.
- 9. (10 points) Use covering space techniques to prove that if G is a free group on n generators and  $H \subset G$  is a subgroup of index d, then H is a free group. Give a formula for the number of generators of H in terms of n and d.