

MATH 4250/6250 Exam 2  
Friday, April 10  
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1. Define the following invariants of surfaces:

- (a) shape operator
- (b) principal curvatures
- (c) Gaussian curvature
- (d) mean curvature

2. Prove that if a surface  $M$  contains a line  $L$  through the point  $p$  on  $M$ , then  $K(p) \leq 0$ , where  $K(p)$  is the Gaussian curvature of  $M$  at  $p$ . Fill in the details of the following proof outline:

(a) Let  $\vec{u}$  be a unit tangent vector to  $M$  at  $p$  in the direction of the line  $L$ . Then, if  $S_p$  is the shape operator of  $M$  at  $p$ , we have  $S_p(\vec{u}) \cdot \vec{u} = 0$ .

(b) It follows that the normal curvature  $\mathbf{k}(\vec{u}) = 0$ .

(c) Euler's formula implies that the principal curvatures  $k_1$  or  $k_2$  of  $M$  at  $p$  have opposite signs or one of them is zero.

(d) Therefore  $K(p) \leq 0$ .

3. (a) Compute the Gaussian curvature of the surface

$$\vec{x}(u, v) = (u, v, u^2/2 + v^3/3).$$

(b) For which  $(u, v)$  is  $K = 0$ ,  $K > 0$ ,  $K < 0$  ?

4. Compute the principal curvatures for every point of the torus

$$\vec{x}(u, v) = ((2 + \cos u) \cos v, (2 + \cos u) \sin v, \sin u).$$

Shortcut: Use that the meridians ( $u$ -parameter curves) and parallels ( $v$ -parameter curves) are lines of curvature.