

Preliminary Exam in Complex Analysis

Fall 1992

1. Find a conformal map of the unit disk $\Delta = \{z: |z| < 1\}$ to the first quadrant $Q = \{z = x+iy: x > 0, y > 0\}$ that sends $z=0$ to $z=1+i$.
2. The principal determination of $z = \arctan w$ is the solution of $\tan z = w$ for which $-\pi/2 < \operatorname{Re} z \leq \pi/2$. Determine the domain of this principal determination and an expression for the principal determination of $\arctan w$ in terms of a principal determination of the logarithm function.
3. Let $w = f(z)$ be a function that is analytic on the closure of the unit disc Δ in the complex plane. Assume that f is not identically zero and show there are points z_1, \dots, z_N in Δ and numbers r_1, \dots, r_N so that

$$u(z) = \log |f(z)| - \sum_{j=1}^N r_j \log |z - z_j|$$

is harmonic on $\Delta \setminus \{z_1, \dots, z_N\}$.

4. Prove that a non-constant analytic function is an open mapping.
5. Determine (for all values in the domain of F) the value of

$$F(w) = \int_C \frac{1}{1-wz^2} z dz,$$

where C is the positively oriented unit circle $|z|=1$.

6. Evaluate

$$\frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_C z \frac{f'(z)}{f(z)} dz$$

over a (positively oriented) large circle if $f(z)$ is a polynomial.

7. Give an explicit expression for a meromorphic function $w = f(z)$ defined on the complex plane whose only poles are simple poles at each point in the set

$$Z + iZ = \{\omega_{m,n} = m+in : m, n \in \mathbb{Z}\}$$

and such that the residue of f is one at each pole. Be sure to state carefully any results used in your construction.

8. Show the function in Problem 7 cannot be doubly periodic. That is show it is impossible that $f(z + \omega_{m,n}) = f(z)$, for all m, n in Z .

9. Let g be analytic on a disc in the complex plane. Suppose that the differential equation

$$\frac{dy}{dz} = yg(z)$$

has an analytic solution in a neighborhood of each point in this disc. Show there is a global analytic solution to this differential equation on this disc.

10. Let $g=g(\xi)$ be continuous on $|\xi|=1$ and define

$$G(z) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_{|\xi|=1} \frac{g(\xi)}{\xi - z} d\xi, \quad |z| \neq 1.$$

Determine for $|u|=1$

$$\lim_{r \rightarrow 1^+} [G(ru) - G(r^{-1}u)].$$