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TEAM ROUND / 1 HOUR / 210 POINTS October 24, 2015

Problem 1 (Mathematics for fun and profit). Here's how the Big Bucks Lottery works. When you buy a lottery ticket for \$1, you get to choose 3 different numbers from $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$. Once you've bought all the tickets you want, the lottery company randomly chooses 3 distinct numbers from $\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7\}$. For each of your tickets that matches all three numbers (jackpot!) you win \$10. For each of your tickets that matches exactly 2 numbers, you win \$3.

- (a) (35 points) If you buy exactly one of every possible ticket, what will your profit be?
- (b) (35 points) What is the smallest number of tickets you can buy and still be guaranteed to make a (positive!) profit?

Problem 2 (A binary word problem). The *Thue–Morse sequence* $t_0, t_1, t_2, ...$ is a sequence of 0s and 1s defined by the rule

$$t_n = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } n \text{ has an even number of 1s in its binary expansion,} \\ 1 & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

For example, $t_0 = 0$ and $t_{13} = 1$. If the terms of the sequence are concatenated, one obtains an infinite "word" in the letters 0 and 1 which begins

 $0110100110010110\ldots,$

where we take the starting "letter" to be $t_0 = 0$. How many occurrences of the string 11 are there in the initial segment

$$t_0 t_1 \dots t_{2014} t_{2015}$$
?

In other words, for how many integers $0 \le n < 2015$ is $t_n = t_{n+1} = 1$?

Problem 3 (Be careful or you'll lose a digit!). Dan D. Man (the D stands for "Digit") tabulates the leading decimal digits of each of the 2015 numbers $3^0, 3^1, \ldots, 3^{2014}$. He observes that 3^{2014} has leading digit 8 and that the digit 9 appears 93 times as the leading digit. If A is the number of times that 1 appears the leading digit, and B the number of times that 2 appears, find A + B.

Authors. Problems and solutions were written by Mo Hendon and Paul Pollack.

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Team ID:

Team name:

Answer 1:

Answer 2:

Answer 3: