

## ERRATA

Guillemin and Pollack, *Differential Topology*

p. 3	pictures	In the second and third pictures in the top line, we should see over-crossing arcs, not crossing arcs
p. 5	#4	$ x  < a$
p. 6	#8	hyperboloid
p. 7	#18b	$g(x) = f(x - a)f(b - x); h(x) = \frac{\int_{-\infty}^x g(t) dt}{\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} g(t) dt}$
p. 10	line 1	$\Phi' : W \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^k$
p. 12	#8	hyperboloid, and delete the parentheses
p. 16	line 16	in $f(X) \subset Y$
p. 24	line -11	“In particular, taking $X$ to be . . .”
p. 25	#2b	compact positive-dimensional manifolds
	#6	This is the definition of homogeneity of degree $m$ ; 0 is the only possible critical value
p. 27	#11(a)	Remark: This is really a special case of Exercise <u>6</u> .
	#13	Delete “of” at the end of the first line.
p. 28	line 9	$g \circ f : U \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^\ell$
p. 45	#6	simply connected
p. 48	#22	$r_i =  x - x_i $
p. 51	line -9	$g(x, \frac{1}{t}v)$
p. 52	line -15	exercise 15
p. 55	#11	$f^{-1}(a)$ should be $\{x \in X : F(x, v) = a \text{ for some } v\}$ . The HINT should read as follows. Show first that $F^{-1}(a)$ lies in a compact subset $\{(x, v) :  v  \leq \text{constant}\}$ of $T(X)$ : for if $F(x_i, v_i) = a$ and $ v_i  \rightarrow \infty$ , pick a subsequence . . . . Now use the proof of the Stack of Records Theorem (p. 26, #7) to show that $F^{-1}(a)$ is indeed finite.
p. 56	#15	$A$ and $B$ are disjoint, closed subsets.
p. 61	line 6	$Z = \phi^{-1}(0)$
	line -6, -5, -3	$dg_s$ and $d(\partial g)_s$ map to $\mathbf{R}^\ell$
p. 62	line 1	$\ker dg_s$ has dimension $k - \ell$ , $\ker d(\partial g)_s$ has dimension $k - \ell - 1$
p. 64	#10	$df_z(\vec{n}(z)) < 0$
p. 66	#4	$ x  < a$
p. 70	line -10	$S \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^M$
p. 75	#7	affine subspace $V$ ; the map given in the hint should be $\mathbf{R}^\ell \times S \times \mathbf{R}^N \rightarrow \mathbf{R}^N$ , defined by $(t, v, a) \mapsto t \cdot v + a$
	#9	$f : \mathbf{R}^k \rightarrow \mathbf{R}$
p. 76	#18	$X \subset T(X)$ refers to $X \times \{0\}$
p. 83	#5	contractible; there still is a dimension 0 anomaly, so one should require $\dim X > 0$
	#6	contractible
p. 84	#9	$I_2(f, Z) = 0, p \notin f(X) \cup Z$
p. 85	#15	closed manifold $C$
	#16	Consider the submanifold $F^{-1}(\Delta)$
	line -10	Corollary to Exercises 18 and 19, obviously

p. 90	#9	Not so fast! To apply Exercise 8, we must use the fact that $X$ is a compact hypersurface to produce a ray intersecting $X$ (and transversely).
	#10	small neighborhood of $-z/ z $ .
p. 91	#11	$\overline{D}_1$ is compact; “parametrization” in last line.
p. 99	line 8	sign
p. 106	#18	(b) nonzero normal vectors
	#21	What does it mean to define a manifold with boundary by independent functions?
	#23	$X$ orientable and connected
p. 117	#9	$g(t + 2\pi) = g(t) + 2\pi q$
p. 131	#4	“is” stable
p. 136	line 11	The denominator should be $ \vec{v}(x) + tr(t, x) $
p. 138	#1	$h_t(z) = e^t z$
p. 139	#7	$\vec{v}_1$ should have only nondegenerate zeroes inside $U$
p. 140	#12	In the last formula, $g^{ij}$ , not $g_{ij}$ , where $(g^{ij}) = (g_{ij})^{-1}$
	#14a	the matrix $(g^{ij})$ is nonsingular
p. 141	#17	sum of the indices of $f$ at its critical points
p. 141	#18	$S^{k-1}$
p. 144-5	#3	The new map will only agree with $f$ on the complement of a slightly larger ball, so it’s not quite an extension
p. 147	#3	$f(tx) = g_t(x)$
	#6	Replace $\rho$ with $\beta$ , $b$ with $a$ in the last three lines
	#8	“Now apply the corollary of the special case” should be after the right parenthesis
p. 148	#11	$\rho$ is not a submersion, but the rest is right
p. 155	line 17	$(T^\pi)^\sigma = T^{\sigma \circ \pi}$
p. 164	line -10	$df_I = df_{i_1} \wedge \cdots \wedge df_{i_p}$
p. 166	line -3	$X$ is a $k$ -dimensional oriented manifold with boundary
p. 170	line 2	$f_1 \circ h, f_2 \circ h, f_3 \circ h$
	line 8	$\vec{F} = (f_1, f_2, f_3) \circ h$
p. 173	#9	The reference should be to Exercise 7
p. 174-5		1, 2, 3 magically become (a), (b), (c)
p. 187	#11	The reference should be to Exercise 12
	#13	We need $Z_0$ and $Z_1$ oriented, and the definition of cobordism needs to be updated to $\partial W = -Z_0 \times \{0\} \cup Z_1 \times \{1\}$ .
p. 188	line 5	$Y$ should be connected (cf. the proof on p. 191)
p. 190		In the lemma, $X, Y$ should be compact, and $\int_S$ should be $\int_X$ ; in the proof, $U$ should be a connected neighborhood of $y$
p. 191	#1	$\frac{x}{x^2+y^2} dy$
p. 194	#7	last line: Identify $c$ .
p. 195	line -18	parallelepiped
p. 200	#8	Delete the $\frac{1}{2}$ before the Hessian matrix